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**UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

Washington, D.C. 20549

**FORM 8-K**

**Current Report  
Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of  
the Securities Exchange Act of 1934**

Date of Report: **October 22, 2018**  
(Date of earliest event reported: **October 20, 2018**)

**ADAPT IMMUNE THERAPEUTICS PLC**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

**England and Wales**  
(State or other jurisdiction of  
incorporation)

**1-37368**  
(Commission File Number)

**Not Applicable**  
(IRS Employer Identification No.)

**60 Jubilee Avenue, Milton Park  
Abingdon, Oxfordshire OX14 4RX  
United Kingdom**  
(Address of principal executive offices, including zip code)

**(44) 1235 430000**  
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions:

- Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)
- Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
- Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
- Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§230.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§240.12b-2 of this chapter).

Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

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**Item 8.01 Other Events**

On October 20, 2018, Adaptimmune Therapeutics plc (the “Company” or “Adaptimmune”) issued a press release announcing two poster presentations of initial data from the first two cohorts of its ongoing studies with its MAGE-A10 and MAGE-A4 SPEAR T-cells at the European Society for Medical Oncology (ESMO) 2018 Congress in Munich, Germany. The press release is furnished as Exhibit 99.1 to this report and is incorporated by reference herein.

The information contained in Item 8.01 of this Form 8-K, including Exhibit 99.1 furnished herewith, shall not be deemed “filed” for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”), or incorporated by reference in any filing made by the Company under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Exchange Act, except as expressly set forth by the Company by specific reference in such a filing.

**Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits.**

(d) Exhibits.

<u>Exhibit No.</u>	<u>Description of Exhibit</u>
99.1	<a href="#">Press release dated October 20, 2018.</a>

**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, hereunto duly authorized.

ADAPTIMMUNE THERAPEUTICS PLC

Date: October 22, 2018

By: /s/ Margaret Henry

Name: Margaret Henry

Title: Corporate Secretary



**Updated Data from Ongoing MAGE-A10 and MAGE-A4 Studies Presented at the  
2018 ESMO Congress**

PHILADELPHIA, Pa. and OXFORD, UK., October 20, 2018 — Adaptimmune Therapeutics plc (“Adaptimmune”) (Nasdaq: ADAP), a leader in T-cell therapy to treat cancer, presented initial data from the first two cohorts of its ongoing studies with its MAGE-A10 and MAGE-A4 SPEAR T-cells in two poster presentations earlier today at the European Society for Medical Oncology (ESMO) Congress in Munich, Germany.

“We are encouraged by the safety data from these initial cohorts, which include heavily pretreated patients with advanced epithelial tumors. Our SPEAR T-cells have shown dose appropriate persistence and expansion, and early, but transient, evidence of antitumor activity in one ovarian cancer patient,” said Rafael Amado Adaptimmune’s President of R&D. “We have been dosing at higher doses in our MAGE-A4 and MAGE-A10 studies with more intense preconditioning and we expect to see higher cell expansion. We look forward to reporting on these data in due course.”

**Data update from ongoing MAGE-A10 studies**

Data from the two ongoing MAGE-A10 studies (“triple tumor” and lung) are summarized below.

***Overview of treated patients:***

- Cohort 1a of the non-small cell lung (NSCLC) study
  - 5 patients; target dose of 100 million cells; preconditioning: cyclophosphamide (Cy) alone at 1800 mg/m<sup>2</sup>/day for 2 days
- Cohort 2 NSCLC study
  - 3 patients; target dose of 1 billion cells; preconditioning [fludarabine (Flu) 30 mg/m<sup>2</sup>/day and Cy 600 mg/m<sup>2</sup>/day] x 3 days
- Cohort 1 “triple tumor” study in bladder, melanoma, and head & neck cancers
  - 3 patients (2 with head & neck cancer; 1 with melanoma); target dose of 100 million cells; preconditioning: [Flu 30 mg/m<sup>2</sup>/day and Cy 600 mg/m<sup>2</sup>/day] x 3 days
- Cohort 2 of “triple tumor” study: no patients treated; the Safety Review Committee recommended dose escalation to Cohort 3 (based on safety in MAGE-A10 NSCLC patients)
- These studies are both dosing in Cohort 3

***Results:***

- In the 8 patients treated in Cohort 1 across both studies, the disease progressed
- In the 3 patients treated in Cohort 2 (all treated patients were in the NSCLC study)
  - 1 patient died of pneumonia (unrelated to T-cell therapy)
  - 1 patient had stable disease (SD) at Week 4, but then progressed
  - 1 patient had SD at Weeks 4 and 8, but progressed at Week 12
- MAGE-A10 SPEAR T-cells at the 100 million and 1 billion target cell doses showed no evidence of toxicity related to off-target binding or alloreactivity
- The most common treatment-emergent adverse events (AEs), occurring in more than 20% of patients across both studies, were anemia, constipation, decreased appetite, lymphopenia, neutropenia, thrombocytopenia, diarrhea, hyponatremia, leukopenia, nausea, pyrexia, alopecia, vomiting, cytokine release syndrome (CRS), fatigue, peripheral edema, and sinus tachycardia/tachycardia
- Of the 11 treated patients, 7 had serious AEs (SAEs); 3 of whom had related SAEs including 2 patients with CRS, and 1 with hemoptysis
- Transduced cells were detectable in peripheral blood at levels consistent with dose
- To date, experience with MAGE-A10 SPEAR T-cells did not show a consistent relationship between T-cell infusion and elevation in serum IL-6, IL-8, or IFN $\gamma$  and/or CRS

### **Data update from ongoing MAGE-A4 “basket” study**

Data from the ongoing MAGE-A4 “basket” study in NSCLC, bladder, melanoma, synovial sarcoma, myxoid/round cell liposarcoma (MRCLS), head & neck, ovarian, gastric, and esophageal cancers were updated, and are summarized below.

#### ***Overview of treated patients:***

- Cohort 1: Three patients (all with ovarian cancer); target dose of 100 million cells; preconditioning: [Flu 30 mg/m<sup>2</sup>/day and Cy 600 mg/m<sup>2</sup>/day] x 3 days
- Cohort 2: Three patients (all with ovarian cancer); target dose of 1 billion cells; preconditioning: [Flu 30 mg/m<sup>2</sup>/day and Cy 600 mg/m<sup>2</sup>/day] x 3 days
- This study is dosing in Cohort 3

#### ***Results:***

- Of the 6 patients treated, best response was SD in 4 patients and progressive disease (PD) in 2 patients; 1 patient with SD had an overall 27% reduction of target lesions observed at Week 6, and at the time of the second scan, which took place after the ESMO poster cut-off date, was assessed as PD
- MAGE-A4 SPEAR T-cells at the 100 million and 1 billion target cell doses showed no evidence of toxicity related to off-target binding or alloreactivity
- The most common treatment-emergent AEs, occurring in >2 patients, were lymphopenia, neutropenia, decreased appetite, fatigue, nausea, anemia, dyspnea, leukopenia, febrile neutropenia, thrombocytopenia, pyrexia, abdominal pain, constipation, and vomiting
- There were 4 patients with SAEs, 2 of whom had SAEs related to treatment including 1 patient with muscular weakness and 1 patient with SAEs of CRS and encephalopathy
- A case study was provided in the poster for the patient who had SAEs of CRS and grade 2 encephalopathy
- Transduced T-cells were detectable in the peripheral blood and expanded transiently, and greater persistence was related to higher T-cell dose

#### **Overall conclusions:**

- The most frequent AEs and treatment-related AEs are consistent with those typically experienced by cancer patients undergoing cytotoxic chemotherapy or other cancer immunotherapies
- Based on experience with NY-ESO TCR therapy, the benefit of treatment may become evident at higher cell doses
- These preliminary data support continued investigation of MAGE-A4 and MAGE-A10 SPEAR T-cells in these study populations

#### **About Adaptimmune**

Adaptimmune is a clinical-stage biopharmaceutical company focused on the development of novel cancer immunotherapy products. The Company’s unique SPEAR (Specific Peptide Enhanced Affinity Receptor) T-cell platform enables the engineering of T-cells to target and destroy cancer, including solid tumors. Adaptimmune is currently conducting clinical trials with SPEAR T-cells targeting MAGE-A4, MAGE-A10, and AFP across multiple solid tumor indications. The Company is located in Philadelphia, USA and Oxfordshire, U.K. For more information, please visit <http://www.adaptimmune.com>

#### **Forward-Looking Statements**

This release contains “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 (PSLRA). These forward-looking statements involve certain risks and uncertainties. Such risks and uncertainties could cause our actual results to differ materially from those indicated by such forward-looking statements, and include, without limitation: the success, cost and timing of our product development activities and clinical trials and our ability to successfully advance our TCR therapeutic candidates through the regulatory and commercialization processes. For a further description of the risks and uncertainties that could cause our actual results to differ materially from those expressed in these forward-looking statements, as well as risks relating to our business in general, we refer you to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on August 2, 2018, and our other SEC filings. The forward-looking statements contained in this press release speak only

as of the date the statements were made and we do not undertake any obligation to update such forward-looking statements to reflect subsequent events or circumstances.

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